SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND

REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006

These English financial statements and review report of independent accountants were translated from the financial statements and review report of independent accountants originally prepared in Chinese.

REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.

We have reviewed the accompanying non-consolidated balance sheets of Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd. as of September 30, 2007 and 2006, and the related non-consolidated statements of income and of cash flows for the nine months then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to issue a review report on these financial statements based on our reviews. As described in Note 9, the investment income of \$246,410 thousand recognized for certain investee company accounted for under the equity method was based on the investee's financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2007, which was audited by other independent accountants.

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews of the quarterly financial statements in accordance with R.O.C. Statements of Auditing Standards No. 36, "Review of Financial Statements". A review of interim financial information consists principally of obtaining an understanding of the system for the preparation of interim financial information, applying analytical procedures to financial data, and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

As described in Note 9, the investment income (loss) recognized for certain investee companies accounted for under the equity method at September 30, 2007 and 2006, and the information disclosed in Note 29 in relation to the investee companies were based on the unreviewed or unaudited financial statements of the investee companies for the same periods. As of September 30, 2007 and 2006, the investment amounts of \$3,972,615 thousand and \$7,811,350 thousand, respectively, and the related investment income of \$311,839 thousand and \$533,903 thousand, respectively, for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, repsectively, were recognized for these investee companies.

Based on our reviews, except for the effects on the financial statements as of and for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of the investee companies accounted for under the equity method as described in the preceding paragraph been reviewed by independent accountants, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph in order for them to be in conformity with "Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", "Business Entity Accounting Law", "Regulation on Business Entity Accounting Handling" and generally accepted accounting principles in the Republic of China.

As discussed in Note 3, commencing from January 1, 2006, the Company adopted amended Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 34, "Accounting for Financial Instruments" and No. 36, "Disclosure and Presentation of Financial Instruments".

Taichung, Taiwan Republic of China

October 25, 2007

The accompanying non-consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the review of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements and review report of the independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or review standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. NON-CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (UNAUDITED)

	September 30,		
	2007	2006	
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash (Note 4)	\$ 14,912,084	\$ 11,016,449	
Available for sale financial assets, current (Notes 5 and 28)	1,798,333	-	
Notes receivable, net	159,123	159,490	
Accounts receivable, net (Notes 6 and 23)	11,406,893	8,895,716	
Other financial assets, current (Notes 23 and 24)	910,623	705,682	
Inventories (Note 7)	3,066,634	2,907,450	
Deferred tax assets, current (Note 20)	1,132,340	710,778	
Other current assets - other	514,952	472,193	
	33,900,982	24,867,758	
Long-term Investments			
Available for sale financial assets, non-current (Notes 8 and 28)	6,596,494	7,853,256	
Financial assets carried at cost	-	3,891	
Long-term investment under equity method (Note 9)	3,972,615	7,811,350	
	10,569,109	15,668,497	
Property, Plant and Equipment (Notes 10)			
Cost:			
Land	2,892,083	2,128,476	
Buildings	7,761,412	7,407,336	
Machinery and equipment	49,989,376	42,463,919	
Utility equipment	683,104	592,521	
Furniture and fixtures	736,202	608,190	
Other equipment	2,001,233	1,765,584	
	64,063,410	54,966,026	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(31,371,676)	(26,165,227)	
Construction in progress and prepayments for equipment	3,648,677	2,963,201	
	36,340,411	31,764,000	
Other Assets			
Refundable deposits	9,422	6,880	
Deferred charges	753,741	680,615	
Deferred income tax asset, noncurrent (Note 20)	660,158	1,723,507	
Other assets - other (Note 11)	113,708	270,861	
	1,537,029	2,681,863	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 82,347,531	\$ 74,982,118	
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(Continued)

SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. NON-CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED) (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (UNAUDITED)

	September 30,		
	2007	2006	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Notes payable	\$ -	\$ 828	
Accounts payable (Note 23)	6,323,666	4,749,746	
Income tax payable (Note 20)	1,090,269	697,537	
Accrued expenses (Note 23)	1,812,476	1,814,669	
Other payables (Notes 12 and 23)	2,695,162	1,647,250	
Current portion of long-term loans (Notes 13 and 14)	-	3,671,378	
Other current liabilities	445,151	402,215	
	12,366,724	12,983,623	
Long-term Liabilities			
Bonds payable (Notes 13 and 28)	-	6,051,533	
Long-term loans (Notes 14 and 28)	2,980,044		
	2,980,044	6,051,533	
Other Liabilities (Note 15)	175,309	313,187	
Total Liabilities	15,522,077	19,348,343	
Stockholders' Equity (Notes 1 and 16)			
Capital stock	30,726,442	27,768,883	
Capital reserve (Note 17)	50,720,112	27,700,005	
Additional paid-in capital	14,456,352	10,031,890	
Premium arising from merger	1,951,563	1,951,563	
Other	241,595	144,062	
Retained earnings (Note 18)	211,070	11,002	
Legal reserve	3,340,131	2,003,494	
Special reserve		50,029	
Unappropriated earnings	12,991,704	9,499,897	
Unrealized gain on available for sale financial assets	3,873,848	5,015,664	
Cumulative translation adjustments	39,446	(1,055)	
Net loss not recognized as pension cost	(1,443)	(1,787)	
Treasury stock (Note 19)	(794,184)	(828,865)	
Total Stockholders' Equity	66,825,454	55,633,775	
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 25)			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 82,347,531	\$ 74,982,118	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these non-consolidated financial statements. See review report of independent accountants dated October 25, 2007.

SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. NON-CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE DATA) (UNAUDITED)

	For the nine months ended September 30,					
	20)07	2006			
Operating Revenues						
Sales (Note 23)	\$	47,187,916	\$	41,920,350		
Sales allowances	(294,300)	(232,628)		
Net operating revenues		46,893,616		41,687,722		
Cost of Goods Sold (Note 23)	(32,763,123)	(30,602,265)		
Gross Profit		14,130,493		11,085,457		
Operating Expenses (Notes 23)						
Selling expenses	(604,453)	(584,629)		
General and administrative expenses	(814,814)	(730,104)		
Research and development expenses	(979,146)	(830,064)		
	(2,398,413)	(2,144,797)		
Operating Income and Gain		11,732,080		8,940,660		
Non-operating Income and Gain						
Interest income (Note 28)		238,094		262,428		
Investment income recognized under the equity method (Note 9)		558,249		533,903		
Gain on disposal of investment (Notes 9 and 23)		1,465,441		-		
Others (Note 23)		576,333		493,399		
		2,838,117		1,289,730		
Non-operating Expenses and Losses						
Interest expenses (Note 28)	(46,998)	(94,444)		
Others (Note 23)	(106,067)	(71,334)		
	(153,065)	(165,778)		
Income from Continuing Operations Before Income Tax		14,417,132		10,064,612		
Income Tax Expense (Note 20)	(1,697,443)		612,274)		
Net Income	\$	12,719,689	\$	9,452,338		
	Before tax	After tax	Before tax	After tax		
Basic Earnings Per Share (in dollars) (Note 21)						
Net income	<u>\$ 4.79</u>	\$ 4.23	\$ 3.62	\$ 3.40		
Diluted Earnings Per Share (in dollars) (Note 21)						
Net income	\$ 4.76	\$ 4.20	\$ 3.40	<u>\$ 3.19</u>		
Pro forma information as if the stock of the Company held by subsidiary wa		•				
Net income	\$14,535,109	\$12,837,665	\$10,118,003			
Basic Earnings Per Share (in dollars)	\$ 4.77	\$ 4.22	\$ 3.59			
Diluted Earnings Per Share (in dollars)	\$ 4.74	\$ 4.19	\$ 3.38	<u>\$ 3.17</u>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these non-consolidated financial statements. See review report of independent accountants dated October 25, 2007.

SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. NON-CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (UNAUDITED)

Cash flows from operating activities 2007 2006 Net income\$12,719,689\$9,452,338Adjustments to recordle net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation5,416,4244,847,298Amoritration5,416,4244,847,298Bad debt expense12,168(1,652)Reversal of sales allowance(30,046)(7,431)Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of investment20,733(4,500)Gain on disposal of investment(1,465,441)Long-term investment income under the equity method.175,742Investment loss25,66126,532Amorization of discount on long-term investment under equity method.175,742Investment loss25,66126,532Compensation interest on bonds payable34,880.Compensation interest on bonds payable34,88021,775)(Increase) decrease in assets:Notes receivable(118,012)(Other financial assets, current(236,893)91,798InventoriesNotes receivableOther dinacial assetsNotes receivableNotes receivableOther maneta setsNotes receivableOther dinacial assets, current<		For the nine months ended September 30,				
Net income \$ 12,719,689 \$ 9,452,338 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: - - - Depreciation 5,416,424 4,847,298 -						
Net income \$ 12,719,689 \$ 9,452,338 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: - - - Depreciation 5,416,424 4,847,298 -	Cash flows from operating activities					
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 5,416,424 4,847,298 Amontization 417,784 406,845 Bad debt expense 12,168 1,652) Reversal of sales allowance (30,046) 7,431) Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of inventories 20,733 (4,500) Gain on disposal of investment (1,465,441) - 125,742 Long-term investment income under the equity method (558,249) (533,903) Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method - 175,742 - Investment loss 3,891 - - 125,742 Compensation interest on bonds payable 36 29,073 - - 126,532	· ·	\$	12,719,689	\$	9,452,338	
provided by operating activities: Depreciation 5,416,424 4,847,298 Depreciation 5,416,424 4,847,298 Amortization 417,784 406,845 Bad debt expense 12,168 (1,652) Reversal of sales allowance (30,046) (7,431) Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of inventories 20,733 (4,500) Gain on disposal of investment (1,465,441) - - Long-term investment income under the equity method (558,249) (533,903) Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method - 175,742 - Investment loss 3,891 - - 6,653 - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (6,6937) (31,291) Provision for loss on idle assets 25,661 26,532 - - Compensation interest on bonds payable 36 29,073 - - Compensation interest on bonds payable 2,55	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash					
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Reversal of sales allowance($30,046$)($7,431$)Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of inventories20,733($4,500$)Gain on disposal of investment($1,465,441$)Long-term investment income under the equity method($533,903$)-175,742Investment loss $3,891$ -175,742-175,742Investment loss $3,891$ 175,742Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment($6,937$)($31,291$)Provision for loss on idle assets25,661 $26,532$ Amortization of discount on long-term notes46,963-Compensation interest on bonds payable3629,073Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable34,880(21,775)(Increase) decrease in assets:(Notes receivable(118,012)(2,591)Accounts receivable(236,893)91,798Inventories(322,041)(139,037)Deferred income tax assets573,41734,616Other current assets(44,898)52,448Increase (decrease) in liabilities:-(4,665)Accounts payable-(4,665)Accounts payable-(4,625)Accounts payable-(4,625)Accounts payable-(4,625)Accounts payable-			417,784		406,845	
Provision for (recovery of) loss on obsolescence and decline in market value of inventories20,733(4,500)Gain on disposal of investment(1,465,441)Long-term investment income under the equity method(558,249)(533,903)Cash dividends received from long-term investment under equity method-175,742Investment loss3,891-175,742Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment(6,937)(31,291)Provision for loss on idle assets25,66126,53226,532Amortization of discount on long-term notes46,963Compensation interest on bonds payable3629,073-Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable34,880(21,775)(Increase) decrease in assets:-(2,591)Accounts receivable(218,062)482,017Other financial assets, current(236,893)91,798Inventories(322,041)(139,037)Deferred income tax assets573,41734,616Other current assets(44,898)52,448Increase (decrease) in liabilities:-(21,287Notes payable(4,665)Accounts payable-(22,093)234,986Other payables351,268(242,820)Other payables351,268242,820Other current liabilities-45,08492,355<	Bad debt expense		12,168	(1,652)	
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Amortization of discount on long-term notes $46,963$ -Compensation interest on bonds payable 36 $29,073$ Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable $34,880$ ($21,775$)(Increase) decrease in assets: $2,530,692$) $482,017$ Notes receivable($2,530,692$) $482,017$ $482,017$ Other financial assets, current($236,893$) $91,798$ Inventories($322,041$)($139,037$)Deferred income tax assets $573,417$ $34,616$ Other current assets($44,898$) $52,448$ Increase (decrease) in liabilities: $-$ (Notes payable-($4,665$)Accounts payable2,355,593($281,282$)Income tax payable142,887 $544,521$ Accrued expenses($221,093$) $234,986$ Other payables $351,268$ $242,820$)Other current liabilities $45,084$ $92,355$	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(6,937)	(31,291)	
Compensation interest on bonds payable 36 $29,073$ Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable $34,880$ ($21,775$)(Increase) decrease in assets:($118,012$) ($2,591$)Accounts receivable($2,530,692$) $482,017$ Other financial assets, current($236,893$) $91,798$ Inventories($322,041$) ($139,037$)Deferred income tax assets $573,417$ $34,616$ Other current assets($44,898$) $52,448$ Increase (decrease) in liabilities: $-$ ($4,665$)Accounts payable $-$ ($4,665$)Accounts payable142,887 $544,521$ Accrued expenses($221,093$) $234,986$ Other payables $351,268$ ($242,820$)Other current liabilities $351,268$ ($242,820$)	Provision for loss on idle assets		25,661		26,532	
Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable $34,880$ $(21,775)$ (Increase) decrease in assets:Notes receivable $(118,012)$ $2,591$ Accounts receivable $(2,530,692)$ $482,017$ Other financial assets, current $(236,893)$ $91,798$ Inventories $(322,041)$ $(139,037)$ Deferred income tax assets $573,417$ $34,616$ Other current assets $(44,898)$ $52,448$ Increase (decrease) in liabilities: $ (4,665)$ Accounts payable $ (4,665)$ Accounts payable $142,887$ $544,521$ Accrued expenses $(221,093)$ $234,986$ Other payables $351,268$ $242,820)$ Other current liabilities $351,268$ $242,820)$	Amortization of discount on long-term notes		46,963		-	
(Increase) decrease in assets:(118,012)(2,591)Accounts receivable(2,530,692)482,017Other financial assets, current(236,893)91,798Inventories(322,041)(139,037)Deferred income tax assets573,41734,616Other current assets(44,898)52,448Increase (decrease) in liabilities: $-$ (4,665)Accounts payable-(4,665)Accounts payable142,887544,521Accrued expenses(221,093)234,986Other payables351,268242,820)Other current liabilities45,08492,355	Compensation interest on bonds payable		36		29,073	
Notes receivable(118,012)(2,591)Accounts receivable(2,530,692) $482,017$ Other financial assets, current(236,893) $91,798$ Inventories(322,041)(139,037)Deferred income tax assets $573,417$ $34,616$ Other current assets($44,898$) $52,448$ Increase (decrease) in liabilities: $-$ ($4,665$)Accounts payable $-$ ($4,665$)Accounts payable142,887 $544,521$ Accrued expenses(221,093) $234,986$ Other payables $351,268$ $242,820$)Other current liabilities $45,084$ $92,355$	Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on bonds payable		34,880	(21,775)	
Accounts receivable $($ $2,530,692)$ $482,017$ Other financial assets, current $($ $236,893)$ $91,798$ Inventories $($ $322,041)$ $($ $139,037)$ Deferred income tax assets $573,417$ $34,616$ Other current assets $($ $44,898)$ $52,448$ Increase (decrease) in liabilities: $ ($ $4,665)$ Accounts payable $ ($ $4,665)$ Accounts payable $142,887$ $544,521$ Income tax payable $142,887$ $544,521$ Accrued expenses $($ $221,093)$ $234,986$ Other payables $351,268$ $242,820)$ Other current liabilities $45,084$ $92,355$	(Increase) decrease in assets:					
Other financial assets, current $\begin{pmatrix} 236,893 \end{pmatrix}$ $91,798$ Inventories $\begin{pmatrix} 322,041 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 139,037 \end{pmatrix}$ Deferred income tax assets $573,417$ $34,616$ Other current assets $\begin{pmatrix} 44,898 \end{pmatrix}$ $52,448$ Increase (decrease) in liabilities: $ \begin{pmatrix} 4,665 \end{pmatrix}$ Notes payable $ \begin{pmatrix} 4,665 \end{pmatrix}$ Accounts payable $142,887$ $544,521$ Income tax payable $142,887$ $544,521$ Accrued expenses $\begin{pmatrix} 221,093 \end{pmatrix}$ $234,986$ Other current liabilities $351,268$ $242,820)$ Other current liabilities $45,084$ $92,355$	Notes receivable	(118,012)	(2,591)	
Inventories $($ 322,041 $)$ $($ 139,037 $)$ Deferred income tax assets573,41734,616Other current assets $($ 44,898 $)$ 52,448Increase (decrease) in liabilities: $-$ (4,665)Accounts payable $-$ (4,665)Accounts payable142,887Income tax payable142,887Accrued expenses $($ 221,093 $)$ Other payables351,268Other current liabilities $45,084$ 92,355	Accounts receivable	(2,530,692)		482,017	
Deferred income tax assets $573,417$ $34,616$ Other current assets($44,898$) $52,448$ Increase (decrease) in liabilities:-($4,665$)Accounts payable-($4,665$)Accounts payable $2,355,593$ ($281,282$)Income tax payable142,887 $544,521$ Accrued expenses($221,093$) $234,986$ Other payables $351,268$ ($242,820$)Other current liabilities $45,084$ $92,355$	Other financial assets, current	(236,893)		91,798	
Other current assets $($ $44,898)$ $52,448$ Increase (decrease) in liabilities:- $($ $4,665)$ Notes payable2,355,593 $($ $281,282)$ Accounts payable142,887 $544,521$ Accrued expenses $($ $221,093)$ $234,986$ Other payables $351,268$ $($ $242,820)$ Other current liabilities $45,084$ $92,355$	Inventories	(322,041)	(139,037)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:-($4,665$)Notes payable-($4,665$)Accounts payable $2,355,593$ ($281,282$)Income tax payable $142,887$ $544,521$ Accrued expenses($221,093$) $234,986$ Other payables $351,268$ ($242,820$)Other current liabilities $45,084$ $92,355$	Deferred income tax assets		573,417		34,616	
Notes payable - (4,665) Accounts payable 2,355,593 (281,282) Income tax payable 142,887 544,521 Accrued expenses (221,093) 234,986 Other payables 351,268 (242,820) Other current liabilities 45,084 92,355	Other current assets	(44,898)		52,448	
Accounts payable2,355,593(281,282)Income tax payable142,887544,521Accrued expenses(221,093)234,986Other payables351,268(242,820)Other current liabilities45,08492,355	Increase (decrease) in liabilities:					
Income tax payable 142,887 544,521 Accrued expenses (221,093) 234,986 Other payables 351,268 242,820) Other current liabilities 45,084 92,355	Notes payable		-	(4,665)	
Accrued expenses (221,093) 234,986 Other payables 351,268 (242,820) Other current liabilities 45,084 92,355	Accounts payable		2,355,593	(281,282)	
Other payables 351,268 (242,820) Other current liabilities 45,084 92,355	Income tax payable		142,887		544,521	
Other current liabilities 45,084 92,355	Accrued expenses	(221,093)		234,986	
	Other payables		351,268	(242,820)	
Net cash provided by operating activities16,632,17615,199,622	Other current liabilities		45,084		92,355	
	Net cash provided by operating activities		16,632,176		15,199,622	

(Continued)

SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. NON-CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (UNAUDITED)

	For the nine months ended September 30			
		2007	2006	
Cash flows from investing activities				
(Payment for) refund of security deposits	(\$	8,395)	\$	9,200
Purchase of long-term investment under equity method		-	(487,050)
Purchase of available for sale financial assets	(2,523,529)		-
Proceeds from disposal of long-term investments		7,579,199		-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(9,017,442)	(8,287,993)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and				
equipment		390,503		200,350
Payment for deferred charges	(490,243)	(326,889)
(Payment for) receipt of refundable deposits	(1,208)		261
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,071,115)	(8,892,121)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Repayment of long-term loans	(55,393)	(1,500,000)
(Repayment) receipt of deposit-in	(101,073)		279,619
Redemption of bonds payable	(18,946)		-
Proceeds from the exercise of employee stock option		90,014		142,060
Remuneration to directors and supervisors	(120,798)	(149,323)
Payment of cash dividends and employees' bonuses	(10,795,715)	(4,632,842)
Net cash used in financing activities	(11,001,911)	(5,860,486)
Net increase in cash		1,559,150		447,015
Cash at the beginning of the period		13,352,934		10,569,434
Cash at the end of the period	\$	14,912,084	\$	11,016,449
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:				
Cash paid for interest	\$	46,998	\$	96,348
Cash paid for income tax	\$	981,139	\$	33,138
Supplemental disclosures of partial cash paid for investing activities:				
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$	9,782,764	\$	7,769,047
Add: Payable at the beginning of the period	Ψ.	1,127,306	¥	1,565,412
Less: Payable at the end of the period	(1,892,628)	(1,046,466)
Cash paid	\$	9,017,442	\$	8,287,993
1		/ 7		,,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these non-consolidated financial statements. See review report of independent accountants dated October 25, 2007

SILICONWARE PRECISION INDUSTRIES CO., LTD. NOTES TO NON-CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS AND PAR VALUE PER SHARE) (UNAUDITED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the Company Law of the Republic of China (ROC) in May 1984 and was listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange in April 1993. As of September 30, 2007, issued common stock was \$30,726,442. The Company is mainly engaged in the assembly, testing and turnkey services of integrated circuits. As of September 30, 2007, the Company has 14,272 employees.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial Statements are prepared in conformity with the "Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", "Business Entity Accounting Law", "Regulation on Business Entity Accounting Heading" and generally accepted accounting principles in the Republic of China. Significant accounting policies are summarized as follows:

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosures of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, costs of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Foreign Currency Transactions

The Company maintains its accounts in New Taiwan dollars. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Receivables, other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses arising from the aforementioned translations are recognized in the current year's results.

Classification of current and non-current assets/liabilities

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized or consumed, or are intended to be sold within the normal operation cycle;
 - (2) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;

- (3) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (4) Cash or cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities.
 - (1) Liabilities arising from operating activities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
 - (2) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (3) Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (4) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable expected to be collected over one year are recorded at present value by using predetermined interest rate whereas those expected to be collected within one year are not reported at present value due to the fact that the difference between the maturity value and the fair value discounted by implicit interest rate is immaterial and the frequency of transactions is high.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts is estimated based on the evaluation of collectibility and aging analysis of notes receivables, accounts receivable and other receivables.

Allowance for Sales Discounts

The allowance for sales discounts is provided based on the estimated allowance to be incurred and is recorded as deduction of accounts receivable.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded at cost when acquired under a perpetual inventory system and are stated at the lower of aggregate cost, determined by the weighted-average method, or market value at the balance sheet date. The market values of raw materials and supplies are determined on the basis of replacement cost, while market values of finished goods and work in process are determined on the basis of net realizable value. The allowance for loss on obsolescence and decline in market value is provided based on management's analysis on inventory aging and obsolescence, when necessary.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Investments in equity securities are recorded at the transaction date, rather than settlement date. Available-for-sale securities are measured at fair value at balance sheet date with changes in fair value recorded as adjustments to the shareholders' equity. The accumulated adjustments of unrealized gain or loss are realized in earnings in the period when the financial assets are disposed. Fair values of listed securities are measured at their closing price at balance sheet date. The Company recognizes impairment loss whenever there is objective evidence of impairment. Such impairment loss shall not be reversed when the fair value of the asset subsequently increases.

Financial assets carried at cost

Equity securities measured at fair value along with transaction costs are recorded at the transaction date. Equity securities without quoted market values are recorded at cost. The Company recognizes impairment loss whenever there is objective evidence of impairment. Such impairment loss shall not be reversed when the fair value of the asset subsequently increases.

Long-term Investments accounted for under the equity method

- A. Long-term equity investments in which the Company owns at least 20% of the voting rights of the investee companies are accounted for under the equity method, unless the Company cannot exercise significant influence over the investee company. The excess of the acquisition cost over the investee's fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is capitalized as goodwill and tested for impairment annually. No prior period adjustment is required for the amortization in previous years. Long-term equity investments in which the Company holds more than 50% of the voting stocks or has controlling interests over the investee companies are included in the annual and semi-annual consolidated financial statements.
- B. Unrealized gains and losses from transactions between the Company and investee companies accounted for under the equity method are deferred. Profit (loss) from sales of depreciable assets between the investee and the Company is amortized to income over the assets' economic service lives. Unrealized gain from other types of intercompany transactions is reported as deferred credits classified as current or non-current liabilities.
- C. When the Company's proportional interest in an equity investee changes after the equity investee issues new shares, the effect of change in the Company's holding ratio on long-term investment is adjusted to capital reserve. If capital reserve account is insufficient, the effect is then charged to retained earnings.
- D. The Company's proportionate share of the foreign investee's cumulative translation adjustments related to the translation of the foreign investee's financial statements into New Taiwan dollars is recognized as "Cumulative Translation Adjustments" in the stockholders' equity.
- E. Equity method was adopted and investment income (loss) was recognized for the controlled investees in both the first and the third quarterly financial reports.

Property, Plant and Equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost. Interest incurred relating to the construction of property, plant and equipment is capitalized and depreciated accordingly.
- B. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the assets' estimated economic service lives, plus an additional year as the salvage value. Salvage values of fixed assets which are still in use after reaching their estimated economic service lives are depreciated over their new estimated remaining service lives. The service lives of fixed assets are 3 to 25 years, except for buildings, which are 35 to 55 years.
- C. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Significant renewals and improvements are capitalized and depreciated accordingly. When fixed assets are disposed, their original cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the corresponding accounts, with gain or loss recorded as non-operating income or loss.
- D. Idled assets are stated at the lower of book value or net realizable value and are reclassified to other assets. Differences between book value and net realizable value are reported as losses in current earnings.

The costs of computer software system purchased externally and tooling costs are recognized as deferred charges and amortized on the straight-line basis over the useful lives of 2 to 5 years. Convertible bond issuance costs are amortized over the period of the bonds.

Bonds Payable

According to Interpretation letter ref. (95) 078, "Compound Financial Instrument with Multiple Embedded Derivatives Issue", issued by R.O.C. Accounting Research and Development Foundation (ARDF), the Company's accounting policies for its convertible bonds issued on or prior to December 31, 2005 are as follows:

- A. The excess of the stated redemption price over the par value is recognized as interest expense and compensation interest payable using the effective interest method during the period from the issuance date to the last day of the redemption period.
- B. When a bondholder exercises his/her conversion rights, the book value of bonds is credited to common stock at an amount equal to the par value of the stock and the excess to capital reserve; no gain or loss is recognized on bond conversion.
- C. The related issuance costs of convertible bonds are recorded as deferred charges and amortized over the lives of the bonds.
- D. For convertible bonds with redemption options, the right of redemption becomes invalid if the bondholder fails to exercise his/her redemption right upon expiration. The balance of the compensation interest payable is amortized over the period from the date following the expiration date to the maturity date using the effective interest method. However, if the fair value of common stocks, which would have been converted on the expiration date of

the redemption right, is higher than the redemption price, compensation interest should be reclassified from the liability to additional paid-in capital.

E. The convertible bonds with redemption options are classified as current or non-current liabilities based on the date of redemption.

Pension Cost

From July 1, 2005, the employees of the Company have to choose their individual pension accounts funded under either a defined benefit plan or a defined contribution plan. Under a defined benefit plan, the net pension cost is computed based on an actuarial valuation. The unrecognized net asset or net obligation at transition is amortized over 15 years on a straight-line basis. Under a defined contribution plan, the Company shall make monthly contribution to employees' individual pension accounts. These contributions are recorded as pension costs in the current period.

Income Tax

- A. In accordance with ROC SFAS No. 22, "Accounting for Income Taxes", the income tax effect resulting from temporary differences and investment tax credits is recorded as income tax assets or liabilities using the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets or liabilities are further classified into current or noncurrent and carried at net balance. Valuation allowance on deferred tax assets is provided to the extent that it is more likely than not that the tax benefit will not be realized.
- B. The Company adopted ROC SFAS No. 12, "Accounting for Investment Tax Credits", in determining the investment tax credits. The investment tax credits relating to the acquisition cost of qualifying equipment or technology, qualifying research and development expenditure, qualifying personnel training expenditure and qualifying investments in significant technology companies are recognized as income tax adjustments in the period the tax credits arise.
- C. Over or under provisions of prior years' income tax liabilities are included in the current period's income tax expense.
- D. The Taiwan imputation tax system requires that any undistributed earnings be subject to an additional 10% corporate income tax, which is recognized as tax expense at the time when the stockholders resolve the distribution of retained earnings.
- E. Pursuant to the ROC Alternative Minimum Tax Act effective on January 1, 2006, the Company is required to calculate Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT), a supplemental 10% tax on taxable income including most income that is exempted from regular income tax under various legislations, in addition to the regular tax. If the amount of alternative minimum tax is greater than that of the regular tax, the excess amount shall be reported as current tax expense.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized when services are provided based on transaction terms and when collectibility is reasonably assured.

Research and Development

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred.

Employee Stock Option Plan

According to Interpretation letter ref. (92) 072, "Accounting for Employee Stock Option Plans", issued by ARDF, the Company adopts intrinsic value method for the recording of compensation expenses.

Treasury Stock

- A. The Company records treasury stock purchases under the cost method whereby the entire cost of the acquired stock is recorded as treasury stock and as a reduction of shareholders' equity.
- B. Upon subsequent disposal of the treasury stock, the excess of the proceeds from disposal over the book value, determined by the weighted-average method, is credited to capital reserve. However, if the book value of the treasury stock exceeds the proceeds from disposal, the excess is first charged against capital reserve arising from treasury stock and the remainder, if any, is charged against retained earnings.
- C. Stock of the Company held by the subsidiaries is treated as treasury stock. Subsidiaries' gain on disposal of the Company's stock and the cash dividend income received from the Company are recorded as additional paid-in capital treasury stock.

Earnings per Share

- A. Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by taking into consideration additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the equivalent diluted shares had been issued.
- B. The Company's dilutive potential common shares are employee stock options and convertible bonds. In computing the dilutive effects of the employee stock options and convertible bonds, the Company applies the treasury stock method and if-converted method, respectively.

Impairment Loss of Non-financial Assets

- A. The Company recognizes impairment loss whenever event occurs or evidence indicates the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is measured as the higher of net selling price or value in use. Net selling price is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's-length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, after deducting any direct incremental disposal costs. The value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life.
- B. An impairment loss recognized in prior years is reversed if the impairment loss caused by a specific external event of an exceptional nature is not expected to recur. However, the restored amount is limited to the amount of impairment loss previously recognized.

Impairment loss for goodwill cannot be reversed.

3. EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

- A. Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the amended SFAS No. 1, "Conceptual Framework for Financial Accounting and Preparation of Financial Statements", SFAS No. 5, "Accounting for Long-term Equity Investment", SFAS No. 7, "Consolidated Financial Statements", SFAS No. 25, "Business Combinations - Accounting Treatment under Purchase Method" and SFAS No. 35, "Accounting for Assets Impairment", which discontinued amortization of goodwill. This change of accounting principle had no effect on the financial statements.
- B. Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the newly released SFAS No. 34, "Accounting for Financial Instruments" and No. 36, "Disclosure and Presentation of Financial Instruments". As a result of the adoption of those SFAS, total assets and total shareholders' equity increased by \$8,912,555, respectively, as of September 30, 2006 with no material impact on net income and earnings per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

4. <u>CASH</u>

	September 30,			
		2007	2006	
Cash on hand	\$	1,803	\$	2,277
Savings accounts and checking accounts		2,015,011		882,872
Time deposits	1	2,895,270		10,131,300
	<u>\$ 1</u>	4,912,084	\$	11,016,449

As of September 30, 2007 and 2006, the interest rates for time deposits ranged from 1.50 % to 2.46 % and from 1.32 % to 5.3 %, respectively.

5. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS - CURRENT

	Septen	nber 30,	
	2007	2006	
Cost of listed securities	\$ 1,023,050	\$	-
Valuation adjustment	775,283		-
	\$ 1,798,333	\$	-

6. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

	September 30,			
		2007		2006
Accounts receivable	\$	11,468,395	\$	8,966,093
Less :				
Allowance for sales discounts	(25,429)	(59,749)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(36,073)	(10,628)
	\$	11.406.893	\$	8.895.716

7. INVENTORIES

	September 30,			
		2007		2006
Raw materials and supplies	\$	2,687,856	\$	2,565,259
Work in process		374,175		300,725
Finished goods		70,182		86,312
Less : Allowance for loss on obsolescence		3,132,213		2,952,296
and decline in market value of inventory	(65,579)	(44,846)
	\$	3,066,634	\$	2,907,450

8. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS - NON-CURRENT

	Septen	iber í	30,	
	2007	2006		
Cost of listed securities	\$ 3,906,323	\$	3,022,843	
Valuation adjustment	2,690,171		4,830,413	
	\$ 6,596,494	\$	7,853,256	

9. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR UNDER THE EQUITY METHOD

A. Details of long-term investments in stocks are summarized as follows:

		September 30,					
	20	007	2006				
Investee company	Amount	Percentage of ownership	Amount	Percentage of ownership			
Equity method :							
Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	\$ 1,560,258	100.00%	\$ 1,307,605	100.00%			
Double Win Enterprise Co., Ltd.	84,450	24.14%	84,450	24.14%			
ChipMOS Technologies Inc.	-	-	4,186,586	28.75%			
SPIL (B.V.I.) Holding Limited	2,412,357	100.00%	2,317,159	100.00%			
	4,057,065		7,895,800				
Less : Accumulated impairment loss	(<u>84,450</u>))	(<u>84,450</u>))			
	\$ 3,972,615		\$ 7,811,350				

- B. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company recognized investment income of \$311,839 and \$533,903, respectively, for certain investees accounted for under the equity method, based on investees' unaudited financial statements for the same periods by weighted-average percentage of stock ownership.
- C. On March 27, 2007, the Company disposed its common stock ownership in ChipMOS

Technologies Inc. for US\$191,147 thousands and recorded an investment income of \$246,410 for the period form January 1, 2007 to March 27, 2007, based on the investee's audited financial statements as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2007. The Company recognized gain on disposal of investment of \$793,492. Also, the Company acquired common stock ownership in ChipMOS Technologies (Bermuda) Ltd., the parent company of ChipMOS Technologies Inc., through private stock offering for US\$76,459 thousand and reported the investment as available for sale financial asset - noncurrent.

D. Due to the merger of Sigurd, one of the Company's investees originally accounted for under the equity method, with the other company in June 2006, the Company's percentage of ownership has been reduced to below 20% and the Company is unable to exercise significant influence on Sigurd. The Company reclassified the investment in Sigurd as available-for-sale financial asset – non-current. As of September 30, 2007, the Company has disposed 8,980 thousand common shares of Sigurd and reclassified this investment as available-for-sale financial asset – current.

	 September 30, 2007					
		A	Accumulated			
	 Cost	d	epreciation	I	Book value	
Land	\$ 2,892,083	\$	-	\$	2,892,083	
Buildings	7,761,412	(2,382,084)		5,379,328	
Machinery and equipment	49,989,376	(27,093,572)		22,895,804	
Utility equipment	683,104	(394,294)		288,810	
Furniture and fixtures	736,202	(390,207)		345,995	
Other equipment	2,001,233	(1,111,519)		889,714	
Construction in progress and						
prepayments for equipment	 3,648,677				3,648,677	
	\$ 67,712,087	(\$	31,371,676)	\$	36,340,411	
		Sept	ember 30, 2006	5		
		-	ccumulated			
	Cost	d	epreciation	I	Book value	
Land	\$ 2,128,476	\$	-	\$	2,128,476	
Buildings	7,407,336	(1,987,587)		5,419,749	
Machinery and equipment	42,463,919	(22,560,441)		19,903,478	
Utility equipment	592,521	(373,246)		219,275	
Furniture and fixtures	608,190	(322,143)		286,047	
Other equipment	1,765,584	(921,810)		843,774	
Prepayments for land	605,525		-		605,525	
Construction in progress						
and prepayments for equipment	 2,357,676		-		2,357,676	
	\$ 57,929,227	(\$	26,165,227)	\$	31,764,000	

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

For the operational needs, in the third quarter of 2006, the Company entered a real estate purchase contract with total purchasing price of \$809,021. As of September 30, 2006, a total amount of \$605,021 has been paid for land and related expenditure and was recorded as prepayment for land.

11. OTHER ASSETS - OTHER

As of September 30, 2006, the cost of the land registered under an officer's name was \$108,087. The title of the land aforementioned was transferred to the Company on April 19, 2007.

12. OTHER PAYABLES

	 September 30,				
	2007		2006		
Payables for equipment Other payables	\$ 1,892,628 802,534	\$	1,046,466 600,784		
	\$ 2,695,162	\$	1,647,250		

13. BONDS PAYABLE

	September 30,					
	2007			2006		
Euro convertible bonds payable Add : Compensation interest payable	\$	-	\$	6,377,729 45,182		
Less : Current portion of long-term bonds payable	\$	- - -	(<u> </u>	6,422,911 <u>371,378</u>) 6,051,533		

- A. On January 28, 2002, the Company issued five-year (from January 28, 2002 to January 28, 2007) zero coupon Euro convertible bonds amounting to US\$200,000 (in thousands) listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. As of January 31, 2007, all of the convertible bonds issued in 2002 have been converted into common stocks, redeemed, or retired after repurchased from the market.
- B. On February 5, 2004, the Company issued five-year (from February 5, 2004 to February 5, 2009) zero coupon Euro convertible bonds amounting to US\$200,000 (in thousands) listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. As of September 30, 2007, all of the convertible bonds issued in 2004 have been converted into common stocks or redeemed.
- C. According to Interpretation letter ref. (95) 078, "Compound Financial Instrument with Multiple Embedded Derivatives Issue", issued by ARDF, the Company decides not to bifurcate the embedded derivatives from their host contacts issued on or prior to December 31, 2005.

14. LONG-TERM LOANS

			Septen	ber 3	30,
Nature of loans	Repayment period		2007		2006
Credit loans	Repayable in 3 semi-annual installments from July 2006	\$	-	\$	3,300,000
Commercial paper	Repayable in 4 semi-annual installments from November 2009		3,000,000		
			3,000,000		3,300,000
Less : Current portion	on of long-term loans		-	(3,300,000)
Discount on c	ommercial paper	(19,956)		-
		\$	2,980,044	\$	-
Interest rates			2.093%	2.	10%~2.25%

The loan agreements require, among other things, the maintenance of certain specific financial ratios and consent obtained from the majority banks on certain covenants.

15. PENSION PLAN AND NET PENSION COST

- A. In accordance with the Labor Standards Act, the Company has a funded defined benefit pension plan covering all eligible employees prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act ("the Act"), effective on July 1, 2005 and employees choosing to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Labor Standards Law after the enforcement of the Act. Under the funding policy of the plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% (5% before July 2005) of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the pension fund deposited with the Bank of Taiwan, the custodian. Pension benefits are generally based on service years (two units earned per year for the first 15 years of service and one unit earned for each additional year of service with a maximum of 45 units). One unit represents six-month average wages and salaries before retirement of the employees. Under this pension plan, net pension costs amounting to \$41,338 and \$42,195 were recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Also, as of September 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company deposited \$1,019,539 and \$945,845, respectively, in the pension account with Bank of Taiwan.
- B. In accordance with the Labor Pension Act, effective July 1, 2005, the Company has a defined contribution pension plan covering employees (excluding foreign employees) who chose to be subject to the pension mechanism under this Act. The Company makes monthly contributions to the employees' individual pension accounts on a basis no less than 6% of each employee's monthly salary or wage. The principal and accrued dividends from an employee's personal pension account are claimed monthly or in full at one time. Under this pension plan, net pension costs amounting to \$201,681 and \$181,707 were recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

16. CAPITAL STOCK

- A. As of September 30, 2007, the authorized capital of the Company was \$36,000,000, represented by 3,600,000,000 common shares with par value of NT\$10 (in dollars) per share. As of September 30, 2007, issued common stock was \$30,726,442, represented by 3,072,644,200 shares.
- B. On June 13, 2007, the stockholders of the Company resolved to capitalize the unappropriated earnings of \$586,726 and the employee bonus of \$352,035 by issuing 93,876 thousand new shares. The Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan has approved registration for the capitalization.
- C. The Company issued \$1,500,000 American Depositary Shares ("ADSs"), represented by 30,000,000 units of ADSs, in June 2000. Each ADS represents five shares of common stock of the Company with an offering price of US\$8.49 per ADS. As of September 30, 2007, the outstanding ADSs amounted to 123,803,014 units. Major terms and conditions of the ADSs are summarized as follows:
 - (1) <u>Voting Rights</u>:

ADS holders will have no rights to vote directly in shareholders' meetings with respect to the Deposited Shares. The Depositary shall provide voting instruction to the Chairman of the Company and vote on behalf of the Deposited shares evidenced by ADSs. If the Depositary receives voting instructions from holders of at least 51% of the outstanding ADSs to vote in the same direction on a resolution, the Depositary will vote in the manner as instructed.

(2) Distribution of Dividends:

ADS holders are deemed to have the same rights as holders of common shares with respect to the distribution of dividends.

D. The exercise price of the employee stock option was decided according to the closing price at the measurement date and is subject to adjustment for distribution of cash dividend or changes in capital stock in accordance with certain formula. The granted employee stock options will expire in five years and will be graded vested after two years of service in accordance with the employee stock option plan. (1) For the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, details of the employee stock option granted, exercised and canceled and exercise price of the employee stock option are as follows: (Numbers of options are presented in thousands)

	For the nine months ended September 30,							
	_	2	2007	_	2	2006		
			Weighted			Weighted		
]	Number	average		Number	average		
	0	f options	exercise price	0	f options	exercise price		
			(in dollars)			(in dollars)		
Outstanding option								
at the beginning of the period		12,631	\$9.25		26,348	\$11.95		
Number of option exercised	(10,299)	5.74	(12,534)	11.33		
Number of option forfeited	(25)	5.82	(456)	11.41		
Outstanding option								
at the end of the period		2,307	5.80		13,358	9.25		
Vested option at the end of the period	_	2,307	5.80	_	2,814	9.27		
Authorized option available for future	_			_				
grant at the end of the period	_			_				

(2) As of September 30, 2007, the details of the outstanding employee stock option are as follows: (Numbers of options are presented in thousands)

Outst	Option	ns Vested			
		Weighted average	Weighted		Weighted
	Units	remaining	average	Unit	average
Exercise price	of option	contractual life	exercise price	of option	exercise price
(in dollars)			(in dollars)		(in dollars)
\$5.7~\$6.2	2,307	0.42 Year	\$ 5.80	2,307	\$ 5.80

17. CAPITAL RESERVE

- A. According to the Company Law of the ROC, the capital reserve arising from paid-in capital in excess of par on the issuance of stocks, from merger, from the conversion of convertible bonds and from donation shall be exclusively used to cover accumulated deficits or transferred to capital. Other capital reserve shall be exclusively used to cover accumulated deficits. The amount of capital reserve used to increase capital is limited to 10% of the common stock each year when the Company has no accumulated deficits. The capital reserve can only be used to cover accumulated deficits when the legal reserve is insufficient to cover the deficits.
- B. According to the Company Law of the ROC, the capital reserve is allowed to be transferred to capital one year after the registration of capitalization is approved.

18. <u>RETAINED EARNINGS</u>

- A. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, current year's earnings before tax, if any, shall be distributed in the following order:
 - (1) Pay all taxes and duties;
 - (2) Offset prior years' operating losses, if any;
 - (3) Set aside 10% of the remaining amount after deducting (1) and (2) as legal reserve;
 - (4) Set aside no more than 1% of the remaining amount after deducting items (1), (2), and (3) as directors' and supervisors' remunerations.
 - (5) After items (1), (2), (3), and (4) were deducted, 10% of the remaining amount may be allocated as employee bonus and 90% as stockholders' dividend. The distributed amount is subject to the resolution adopted by the Board of Directors and approved at the stockholders' meeting.
- B. The Company currently maintains modified business growth. The Company will adopt surplus dividend payout policy according to its operation plans, business development, capital expenditure, and capital demand. Among the total dividends distributed, at least 50% of which is distributed as cash dividend and the rest is stock dividend. The appropriation of the profit is subject to the resolution adopted by the Board and approval by the shareholders.
- C. Legal reserve can only be used to offset deficits or increase capital. The legal reserve can be used to increase capital when and only when the reserve balance exceeds 50% of the capital stock, and the amount capitalized should be limited to 50% of the legal reserve.
- D. In accordance with the ROC Securities and Future Bureau (SFB) regulation, in addition to legal reserve and prior to distribution of earnings, the Company should set aside a special reserve in an amount equal to the net change in the reduction of prior year's stockholders' equity, resulting from adjustments, such as cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment and unrealized loss on available-for-sale financial assets. Such special reserve is not available for dividend distribution. In the subsequent year(s), if the year-end balances of the cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment and unrealized losses on available-for-sale financial assets no longer result in a net reduction in the stockholders' equity, the special reserve previously set aside will then be available for distribution.
- E. The Taiwan imputation tax system requires that any undistributed current earnings of a company derived on or after January 1, 1998 be subject to an additional 10% corporate income tax if the earnings are not distributed in the following year. As of September 30, 2007, the undistributed earnings derived on or after January 1, 1998 was \$ 12,991,704.
- F. As of September 30, 2007, the balance of stockholders' imputation tax credit account of the Company was \$22,229, approximately 0.17% of the undistributed earnings derived on

or after January 1, 1998. The rate of stockholders' imputation tax credit to undistributed earnings accumulated in 1998 and thereafter was 7.62%. However, the rate is subject to changes based on the balance of stockholders' imputation tax credit account, the undistributed earnings, and other tax credit amount in accordance with the ROC tax law at the dividend allocation date.

- G. On June 13, 2007, the stockholders of the Company resolved to distribute stock dividends of \$586,726 and cash dividends of \$9,974,332, respectively. The total amount of dividends per share, including stock dividends of \$0.20 (in dollars) per share and cash dividends of \$3.35 (in dollars) per share, was \$3.55 (in dollars).
- H. On June 12, 2006, the stockholders of the Company resolved to distribute stock dividends of \$2,410,149 and cash dividends of \$4,169,558, respectively. The total amount of dividends per share, including stock dividends of \$0.96 (in dollars) per share and cash dividends of \$1.66 (in dollars) per share, was \$2.62 (in dollars).

19. TREASURY STOCK

As of September 30, 2007, Siliconware Investment Company Ltd., the subsidiary of the Company, holds 35,870 thousand shares of the Company's stock, with book value of \$22.14 (in dollars) per share. None of treasury stock held by the subsidiary was sold for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. The closing price of the Company's stock was \$72.5 (in dollars) per share on September 30, 2007.

20. INCOME TAX

	For the nine months ended September 30,				
		2007		2006	
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory tax rate	\$	3,604,273	\$	2,516,143	
Permanent differences	(1,433,925)	(975,030)	
Investment tax credits	(521,247)	(939,546)	
Changes in allowance for deferred tax assets		16,172	(19,191)	
Under provision from prior year		9,725		29,898	
10% additional tax on unappropriated earnings		22,445		_	
Income tax expense		1,697,443		612,274	
Adjustment:					
Net changes of deferred tax assets	(573,417)	(34,616)	
(Increase) decrease in income tax payable	(9,725)		129,522	
Prepaid and withholding taxes	(24,032)	(26,248)	
Income tax payable	\$	1,090,269	\$	680,932	
Income tax payable carried over from prior year	\$	-	\$	16,605	

A. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, significant portion of the permanent differences are derived from the income tax exemption of capital gain resulted from long-term investment income accounted for under the equity method and the revenue from assembly of certain integrated circuit products exempted from income tax in addition to the income from security transactions which are no longer subject to income tax.

B. As of September 30, 2007 and 2006, deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	September 30,					
		2007		2006		
Deferred tax assets - current	\$	1,132,340	\$	724,711		
Deferred tax liabilities - current		-	(10,615)		
		1,132,340		714,096		
Allowance for deferred tax assets		-	(3,318)		
	<u>\$</u>	1,132,340	\$	710,778		
Deferred tax assets - noncurrent	\$	949,135	\$	2,102,571		
Deferred tax liabilities - noncurrent	(148,109)	(171,414)		
		801,026		1,931,157		
Allowance for deferred tax assets	(140,868)	(207,650)		
	\$	660,158	\$	1,723,507		

	September 30, 2007			September 30, 2006			, 2006	
	1	Amount	Т	ax Effect		Amount	Та	ax Effect
Current:								
Temporary differences:								
Unrealized loss on obsolescence and								
decline in market value of inventories	\$	79,410	\$	19,853	\$	47,282	\$	11,821
Compensation interest on bonds payable		-		-		45,182		11,296
Unrealized sales allowance		25,429		6,357		59,749		14,937
Unrealized foreign currency exchange loss (gain)		44,521		11,130	(42,458)	(10,615)
Allowance for doubtful accounts		-		-		10,628		2,657
Investment tax credits				1,095,000				684,000
				1,132,340				714,096
Allowance for deferred tax assets				-			(3,318)
			\$	1,132,340			\$	710,778
Noncurrent :								
Temporary differences:								
Unrealized loss on long-term investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	400,015	\$	100,004
Depreciation expense Unrealized foreign currency exchange	(592,438)	(148,109)		652,415)	(163,104)
gain arising from bonds payable		-		-	(33,239)	(8,310)
Unrealized loss on idle assets		284,985		71,246		286,106		71,527
Investment tax credits				877,889			1	,931,040
				801,026			1	,931,157
Allowance for deferred tax assets			(140,868)			(207,650)
			\$	660,158			\$1	,723,507

C. The details of deferred tax assets and liabilities as of September 30, 2007 and 2006 were as follows:

Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets relates primarily to unrealized loss in long-term

investments and allowance for investment tax credits.

D. The Company's income tax returns have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority through 2004.

E. As of September 30, 2007, the Company's unused portion of investment tax credits, under the "Statue for Upgrading Industries", were as follows:

Nature of Investment Tax Credits	I	Deductible Amount		Unused Amount	Expiration Years
Acquisition costs of					
qualifying machinery and equipment	\$	2,231,975	\$	1,464,447	2008 to 2011
Qualifying research					
and development expenditure		855,216		508,443	2008 to 2011
	\$	3,087,190	\$	1,972,889	

F. The Company has met the requirement of Statute for Upgrading Industries and is exempted from income tax for revenues arising from the assembly and testing of certain integrated circuit products for a five-year period from January 2004 and from January 2006, respectively. The 5-years income tax exemption will expire in December 2008 and 2010, respectively. Also, in order to entitle to 5-year income tax exemption, the Company filed registration of capitalization plan in 2005 for its expansion of assembly and testing of integrated circuited business to the Industrial Development Bureau of Ministry of Economic Affairs and has received the approval in 2006.

21. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Fo	For the nine months ended September 30, 2007							
			Weighted average						
	Inco	ome	outstanding	Ea	rnings	per sl	hare		
	Before tax	After tax	common stock	Befe	ore tax	Afte	er tax		
			(in thousands)		(in do	ollars))		
Basic earnings per share	\$ 14,417,132	\$ 12,719,689	3,009,604	\$	4.79	\$	4.23		
Dilutive effect of									
employee stock option	-	-	4,231						
Dilutive effect of									
3rd Euro convertible bonds	51,613	51,370	25,256						
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 14,468,745	\$ 12,771,059	3,039,091	\$	4.76	\$	4.20		

	F	For the nine months ended September 30, 2006							
			Weighted average						
	Inc	ome	outstanding	Earnings	per share				
	Before tax	After tax	common stock	Before tax	After tax				
			(in thousands)	(in do	ollars)				
Basic earnings per share	\$ 10,064,612	\$ 9,452,338	2,781,067	\$ 3.62	\$ 3.40				
Dilutive effect of									
employee stock option	-	-	13,902						
Dilutive effect of									
3rd Euro convertible bonds	57,080	59,310	183,512						
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 10,121,692	\$ 9,511,648	2,978,481	\$ 3.40	\$ 3.19				

The basic and diluted earnings per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were retroactively adjusted for distribution of stock dividends and employees' stock bonus resolved by the shareholders on June 13, 2007.

22. PERSONNEL COSTS, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2007							
	Op	erating costs	Opera	ting expenses		Total		
Personnel Costs								
Payroll	\$	3,865,246	\$	752,061	\$	4,617,307		
Labor and health insurance		322,781		56,907		379,688		
Pension expense		198,785		44,234		243,019		
Other		416,607		77,821		494,428		
	\$	4,803,419	\$	931,023	\$	5,734,442		
Depreciation	\$	5,233,076	\$	183,348	\$	5,416,424		
Amortization	\$	303,710	\$	105,005	\$	408,715		
	Op	For the nine perating costs		ended Septem ting expenses	ber 3	0, 2006 Total		
Personnel Costs		<u> </u>						
Payroll	\$	3,743,394	\$	714,831	\$	4,458,225		
Labor and health insurance		309,066		52,380		361,446		
Pension expense		184,032		39,870		223,902		
Other		438,151		74,284		512,435		
	\$	4,674,643	\$	881,365	\$	5,556,008		
Depreciation	\$	4,734,013	\$	113,285	\$	4,847,298		
Amortization	\$	269,549	\$	124,691	\$	394,240		

23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A. Name and Relationship with Related Parties:

Name of Related Parties	Relationship with the Company
Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation	The Company holds directorship
Phoenix Precision Technology Corporation	The Company holds directorship
King Yuan Electronics Co., Ltd.	The Company holds directorship (Note 1)
Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Company
SPIL (B.V.I.) Holding Limited	Subsidiary of the Company
SPIL (Cayman) Holding Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the Company
Siliconware USA, Inc.	Indirect subsidiary of the Company
Siliconware Technology (Suzhou) Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the Company
ChipMOS Technologies Inc.	Investee company accounted for under the equity method (Note 2)
Hai-Feng Fundation	Same chairman of the board of the directors
Pei-Sheng Fundation	Same chairman of the board of the directors

Note 1: The Company resigned its position as a director on August 3, 2006. The named company ceased to be a related party of the Company.

Note 2: The Company disposed all of its ownership on March 27, 2007. The named company ceased to be a related party of the Company.

B. Significant Transactions with Related Parties:

(1) <u>Sales</u>

		For the nine months ended September 30,							
		2007				2	2006		
			% of				% of		
	I	Amount	net sales	An		nount	net sales		
Sigurd Microelectronics									
Corporation	\$	164,338	-	- :	\$	5,217	-		
King Yuan Electronics Co., Ltd.		99,239	-	-		-			
	\$	263,577		- 3	\$	5,217	-		

The sales prices and payment terms provided to related party were generally comparable to those provided to non-related parties. The average collection period is approximately three months from the date of sales.

(2) <u>Purchases</u>

	For	For the nine months ended September 30,						
	20	07		2006				
		% of net		% of net				
	Amount	purchase	Amount	purchase				
Phoenix Precision								
Technology Corporation	\$ 1,881,475	10	\$ 2,558,882	16				

The purchase prices and payment term provided by the related party were generally comparable to those provided by non-related parties. The average payment period is approximately three months from the date of purchase.

(3) <u>Accounts Receivable</u>

			September 30, 2007			Septembe	er 30, 2006	
		Amount		% of accounts receivables	Amount		% of accounts receivables	_
	Sigurd Microelectronics Corporation	\$	137,993	1	\$	3,570		-
(4)	Accounts Payable							
			Septembe	r 30, 2007		Septem	ber 30, 2006	
				% of accounts			% of account	S
			Amount	payable	Ā	Amount	payable	
	Phoenix Precision Technology Corporation	\$	740,429	12	\$	493,048		10

(5) <u>Commission Expense / Accrued Expense</u>

		For the nine months ended September 30,											
		2007				2007					2006		
	Co	Commission Accrued			Co	mmission		Accrued					
		expense		expense		expense		expense					
Siliconware USA, Inc.	\$	385,490	\$	52,762	\$	431,418	\$	52,840					

The Company paid commission, based on the agreement, to Siliconware USA, Inc. for communicating and maintaining relationships with companies headquartered in the North America.

(6) Other Expenses / Other Payables (Accrued Expense)

	For the nine months ended September 30,								
	 20				2006				
	Other Other payables		Other		Other payables				
	 expenses	(Accrue	ed expense	ez	xpenses	(Acc	rued expense)		
Others	\$ 18,681	\$	4,439	\$	40,196	\$	9,499		

The leasing terms are generally comparable to those provided in an arm's-length transaction. The average payment period is one month and no significant differences exist between the above leasing contract and others prevailing in the market.

(7) Other Income / Other Receivables

	 For the nine months ended September 30,								
	 2007					200	006		
	Other income	Other receivable	s	•	Other come		Other receivables		
Others	\$ 4,955	\$ 7	738	\$	309	\$	-		

The leasing terms are generally comparable to those provided in an arm's-length transaction. The average collection period is one month and no significant differences exist between the above leasing contract and others prevailing in the market.

(8) <u>Property Transaction</u>

	For t	For the nine months ended September 30, 2007							
						Loss	on disposal		
	Name of the	Ti	ransaction			of pro	operty, plant		
	properties		amount	Bo	ok value	and	equipment		
Pei-Sheng Fundation	Land	\$	132,391	\$	159,740	(\$	27,349)		
	Buildings		49,336		54,610	(5,274)		
		\$	181,727	\$	214,350	(\$	32,623)		

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006: None.

(9) Other Transaction

On March 27, 2007, the Company sold its common stock ownership of 42,696 shares (in thousands) back to ChipMOS Technologies Inc. for \$1,053,704 and recognized gain on disposal of investment of \$132,910.

24. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERALS

As of September 30, 2007 and 2006, the following assets have been pledged as collaterals against certain obligations of the Company:

	 Septem	ber 3	30,	
Assets	 2007		2006	Subject of collaterals
Time deposits (shown in other financial assets, current)	\$ 215,100	\$	206,705	Guarantees for custom duties and income tax liabilities

25. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- A. As of September 30, 2007, the Company's issued but unused letters of credit for imported machinery and equipment was approximate \$581,142.
- B. For its future expansion, the Company entered into several contracts with a total payment of \$1,417,733, of which a total amount of \$287,036 has not been paid as of September 30, 2007.
- C. The Company entered into seven contracts with six foreign companies for the use of certain technologies and patents related to packaging system of integrated circuit products. The Company agreed to pay royalty fees based on the total number of certain products sold. Six contracts are valid through December 2007, January 2010, December 2010, January 2011, March 2012, and November 2014, respectively. The other one contract is valid through when all patents included in the contract expire and until both parties agree to terminate the contract.
- D. On March 1, 2006, we were informed of a civil lawsuit brought by Tessera Inc., or Tessera, in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California against us, our subsidiary, Siliconware USA, Inc., several other world-wide subcontractor companies and their subsidiaries. Tessera alleges that we infringed patents owned by Tessera and/or breached technology license agreements between us and Tessera by providing some of our packaging services. All parties in the lawsuit stipulated a stay of this action in its entirety, pending a final determination of investigation by the International Trade Commission with regard to an action that is directed against other parties, including some codefendants in the litigation in the Northern District of California. Pursuant to the stipulation, the court stayed the litigation on May 24, 2007. Currently, we are unable to assess the potential liabilities arising out of this claim due to the fact that information provided with regard to the infringement scope is insufficient. We filed a request for reexamination with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, or the PTO, of five patents being asserted by Tessera in the

lawsuit. The PTO has granted the reexamination for all patents.

26. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

27. SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENT

None.

28. <u>OTHERS</u>

A. Fair Values of Financial Instruments:

Methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values of financial instruments are as follows:

	Se	September 30, 2007		September 30, 2006			
		- Fair V	alue		- Fair V	alue	
		Quotation in an active	Esimated using a		Quotation in an active	Esimated using a	
Non-derivative financial instruments	Book Value	market	valuation	Book Value	market	valuation	
<u>Financial Assets</u> Financial assets with book value equal to fair value	\$27,398,145	\$ -	\$27,398,145	\$20,784,217	\$ -	\$ 20,784,217	
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	8,394,827	\$ 8,394,827	\$27,398,145 -	7,853,256	7.853,256	φ 20,764,217 -	
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	-	-	-	3,891	-	-	
	\$35,792,972	\$ 8,394,827	\$27,398,145	\$28,641,364	\$ 7,853,256	\$20,784,217	
Financial Liabilities							
Financial liabilities with							
book value equal to fair value	\$12,359,292	\$ -	\$12,359,292	\$12,771,410	\$ -	\$12,771,410	
Bonds payable (including current portion) Long-term loans	2,980,044	-	2,979,455	6,422,911	7,843,958	-	
	\$15,339,336	<u>\$</u>	\$15,338,747	\$19,194,321	\$ 7,843,958	\$12,771,410	

- i. Financial assets and liabilities with book value equal to fair value are cash, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other financial assets current, refundable deposits, notes payable, accounts payable, income tax payable, accrued expenses, other payables, current portion of long-term debts, other current liabilities and other liabilities because of their short maturities.
- ii. Available-for-sale financial assets non-current are recorded at quoted market prices as their fair values due to the availability of the quoted price in an active market.
- iii. Financial assets carried at cost are recorded at costs due to the lack of quoted market prices derived from the active market and the reasonable measurement for the fair value.
- iv. The fair value of bonds payable and current portion of bonds payable is based on its quoted market price.
- v. The fair value of long-term loans is estimated by the discounted future cash flows. The discount rate, 2.377%, is based on the interest rate of the similar long-term loan, which

the Company would have acquired.

- B. Financial assets and liabilities with the risk of interest rate fluctuation:
 - As of September 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company's financial assets with fair value risk of interest rate fluctuation were \$13,110,370 and \$10,338,005, respectively, and financial liabilities with fair value risk of interest rate fluctuation were \$2,980,044 and \$6,422,911, respectively. As of September 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company's financial liabilities with cash flow risk of interest rate fluctuation were nil and \$3,300,000, respectively.
- C. Financial assets and liabilities whose changes in fair value are not recognized in earnings: The Company's interest income from financial assets whose changes in fair value were not recognized in earnings were \$238,094 and \$262,428, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006. The Company's interest expense from financial liabilities whose changes in fair value were not recognized in earnings were \$46,998 and \$94,444, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006. Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value at balance sheet date. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, balance amounts of the adjustment of the shareholders' equity due to changes in fair value were \$180,819 and \$4,830,413, respectively. Unrealized gain on available-for-sale financial assets reclassified from equity to current earnings was \$671,949 for the nine months ended September 30, 2007.
- D. Financial risk control:

The Company has implemented appropriate risk management and control processes to identify, measure, and control the risks associated with the market, credit, liquidity, and cash flows.

- E. Financial risk information:
 - 1. Financial assets: investments in equity instruments

	Septem	ber 30,
	2007	2006
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$ 8,394,827	\$ 7,853,256
Financial assets carried at cost		3,891
	\$ 8,394,827	\$ 7,857,147

(1) Market risk:

The Company's investments in equity instruments are exposed to the market price risk. However, the Company performs risk management controls to minimize the potential loss to an acceptable level. The Company believes that the probability of significant market risk is low.

(2) Credit risk:

The Company's investments in available-for-sale financial assets are through creditable financial institutions. The expected credit exposure to such financial institutions is low. For equity investments carried at cost, the Company has evaluated counter parties' credit condition each time when the Company entered the investment transaction. Thus the credit risk is low.

(3) Liquidity risk:

The Company's available-for-sale financial assets are traded in active markets, which can be sold at the prices not significantly different from their market value. The Company is exposed to a greater liquidity risk for equity instruments measured at cost due to the fact that no active market exists for these instruments.

(4) Cash flow risk of interest rate:

The Company's investments in equity financial assets are non-interest related, so the cash flows from equity instruments are independent of changes in market interest rate.

2. Financial liabilities: debt instruments

		September 30,				
	2007			2006		
Bonds payable	\$	-	\$	6,422,911		
Current portion of long-term loans		-		3,300,000		
Long-term loans	2,980,044			_		
	\$ 2,98	30,044	\$	9,722,911		

(1) Market risk:

Debt instruments include zero-coupon convertible bonds embedded with call and put options, fixed interest rate bearing bond, and long-term loans. The fair value changes of our USD denominated convertible bonds are affected by the stock price. However, the Company can minimize the market price risk by exercising the call option and reduce the foreign exchange rate exposure by maintaining equivalent amounts of assets denominated in USD. The Company's long-term loans are not exposed to fair value risks because the borrowings were issued at variable rates.

(2) Credit risk:

Debt instruments issued by the Company do not have significant credit risk.

(3) Liquidity risk:

The Company maintains sufficient working capital to meet its cash requirements. The Company believes that there is no significant liquidity risk.

(4) Cash flow risk of interest rate:

The Company's zero-coupon bonds, fixed interest rate bearing bonds, and fixed interest rate borrowings are not exposed to cash flow interest rate risk. The Company's interest rate risk arises form long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. However, the Company believes that the cash flow interest rate risk will not be significant.

29. SPECIAL DISCLOSURE ITEMS

- A. Significant Transaction Information
 - Loans to third parties attributed to financial activities:
 For the nine months ended September 30, 2007: None.
 - (2) Endorsement and guarantee provided to third parties: For the nine months ended September 30, 2007: None.
 - (3) The ending balances of securities are summarized as follows: As of September 30, 2007:

Investor	Type of securities	Name of securities	The relationship of the issuers with the Company	General ledger accounts	Number of shares (in thousands)	Book value	Percentage of ownership	Market value per share (in dollars)	
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	Stock	Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	Investee accounted for under the equity method	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	177,000	\$ 1,560,258	100.00%	\$ 23.51	(Note 1)
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	Stock	Double Win Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Investee accounted for under the equity method	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	6,760	-	24.14%	-	
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	Stock	SPIL (B.V.I.) Holding Limited	Investee accounted for under the equity method	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	77,800	2,412,357	100.00%	31.01	(Note 1)
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	Stock	Phoenix Precision Technology Corporation	The Company holds directorship	Available-for-sale financial assets, non-current Available-for-sale	110,398	4,217,210	16.15%	38.20	
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd. Siliconware Precision	Stock	King Yuan Electronics Co., Ltd.	-	financial assets, current Available-for-sale	44,934	948,100	3.70%	21.10	
Industries Co., Ltd.	Stock	Siguard Microelectronics Corp.	The Company holds directorship	financial assets, current Available-for-sale	37,621	850,233	12.73%	22.60	
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	Stock	ChipMOS Technologies (Bermuda) Ltd.	-	financial assets, non-current	12,175	2,379,284	14.53%	195.42	(Note 2)

Note 1: The market value is not available. Therefore, the net equity per share calculated from the unaudited financial statements as of September 30, 2007 was used.

Note 2: The closing price of US\$5.99 (in dollars) per share on September 30, 2007 was used. (Exchange rate US\$1 : NT\$32.625)

(4) Securities for which total buying or selling exceeds the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock:

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007:

			Name	The	Destantas	1	Addition			D'1			Ending ba	
				relationship	Beginning	balance	Addition	1		Disposal		~	Ending ba	lance
Investor	Name of the security	General ledger accounts	of the counter party	of the issuers with the Company	Number of shares/unit (in thousands)	Amount	Number of shares/unit (in thousands)	Amount	Number of shares/unit (in thousands)	Sale price		Gain (loss) from disposal (Note 3)	Number of shares/unit (in thousands)	Amount (Note 2)
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	ChipMOS Technologies Inc. stock	Long-term investment accounted for under equity method	ChipMOS Technologies (Bermuda) Ltd. ChipMOS Technologies Inc.	The parent company of investee accounted for under the equity method Investee accounted for under the equity method	254,863	\$4,998,596	-	\$ - -	212,167 42,696	\$5,236,150 1,053,704	\$4,342,752	\$660,582 132,910	-	\$
Ltd.	ChipMOS Technologies (Bermuda) Ltd. stock King Yuan Electronics Co., Ltd. stock	Available-for-sale financial assets, non-current Available-for-sale financial assets, current	(note1) Public market		- 85,698	- 2,330,977	12,175	2,523,529	- 48,536	- 1,090,824	- 476,340	- 614,484	12,175 44,934	2,379,284 948,100
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	Siguard Microelectronics Corp.	Available-for-sale financial assets, current	Public market	The Company holds directorship	46,236	1,005,635	-	-	8,980	198,521	141,056	57,465	37,621	850,233

Note 1: The Company subscribed the shares through private stock offering.

Note 2: The ending balance includes the unrealized gain on available-for-sale financial assets.

Note 3: The amount doesn't include unrealized gain on disposal.

(5) Acquisition of real estate with an amount exceeding the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock: For the nine months ended September 30, 2007:

						Rel	ated party as c					
	D. (Relation- ship with	Original owner which sold the property to	The relationship of the original owner with	Date of the		The bases or reference used	Purpose and	
Name of the	Date of	Transaction	Status of	C	the	the counter	the	original		in deciding the	status of the	01
properties	transaction	amount	payment	Counter party	Company	party	Company	transaction	Amount	price	acquisition	Other commitment
Land	August 2006	\$ 809,021	\$ 809,021	Jou Mu Textile	-	-	-	-	-	As specified in	For operating use	-
Building	November 2006	432,000	388,800	Corporation, and etc. Johnny Ko (c) & Leeming Mis	-	-	-	-	-	contract As specified in contract	For operating use	Payment made according to construction progress
Building improvements	November 2006	223,800	201,420	Chung-Rui Construction Corporation Ltd.	-	-	-	-	-	As specified in contract	For operating use	Payment made according to construction progress
Building	April 2007	178,000	89,000	Jun-Biau Construction Corporation Ltd.	-	-	-	-	-	As specified in contract	For operating use	Payment made according to construction progress

(6) Disposal of real estate with an amount exceeding the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock:

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007:

						Loss on disposal			Purpose and	The bases or	
	Date of	Date of		Transaction		of property, plant		Relation-ship with	status of the	reference used in	Other
Name of the properties	transaction	acquisition	Book Value	amount	Status of collection	and equipment	Counter party	the Company	disposal	deciding the price	commitment
								Same chairman of			
							Pei-Sheng	the board of the			
Land and building	January 2007	May 1998	\$ 214,350	\$ 181,727	Fully collected	(\$32,623)	Fundation	directors	Disposal	Valuation report	-

(7) Related party transactions with purchases and sales amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock: For the nine months ended September 30, 2007:

							Descri	ption of		
							and rea	sons for		
							differ	ence in		
							transact	ion terms		
							compa	ared to		
							non-i	related	Notes	s or accounts
			De	scription of the	transaction		party tra	nsactions	receivat	ble / payable
					Percentage					Percentage of
		Relationship			of net					notes or accounts
Purchase / sales	Name of	with the	Purchases		purchases	Credit	Unit	Credit		receivable /
company	the counter parties	counter parties	/ sales	Amount	/ sales	terms	price	terms	Amount	payable
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd. Siliconware	Phoenix Precision Technology Corporation Siguard	The Company holds directorship	Purchase	\$1,881,475	10%	Three months	\$-	\$-	Accounts payable \$740,429 Accounts	12%
Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	Microelectronics Corp.	The Company holds directorship	Sales	\$164,338	_	Sixty days	-	-	receivable	1%

(8) Receivables from related parties exceeding the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock:

As of September 30, 2007:

				-	Past-due r	receivables		
Name of the company for recording receivables	y Name of the counter parties	Relationship with the counter parties	Balance of receivables	Turnover rate	Amount	Status	Amount of receivables collected after the balance sheet date	Amount of allowance for doubtful accounts
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	Siguard Microelectronics Corp.	The Company holds directorship	\$137,993	3.18	\$18,572	In the dunning process	\$18,572	-

(9) Transaction of derivative financial instruments:

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007: None.

B. Related Information on Investee Companies

(1) Basic information on investee companies:

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007:

						The C	Company / maj	ority			
			_	Original investments owned subsidiary owns Current period							
				Current	Prior						
				period	period	Shares			Net income	Income (loss)	
				ending	ending	(in	Ownership	Book	(loss) of	recognized by	
Investor	Name of Investee	Location	Main activities	balance	balance	thousands)	Percentage	value	investee	the Company	Note
Siliconware											
Precision	Siliconware										
Industries Co.,	Investment										
Ltd.	Company Ltd.	Taipei	Investment activities	\$1,770,000	\$1,770,000	177,000	100.00%	\$1,560,258	\$326,404	\$208,428	(Notes 1, 2 and 7)
Siliconware											
Precision											
Industries Co.,	Double Win	Ping-chen City,	SMT process	152 100	152 100	6760	04 1 40/				$(\mathbf{N}, 1)$
Ltd.	Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Taoyuan	and hand insert	152,100	152,100	6,760	24.14%	-	-	-	(Note 1)
Siliconware Precision		Science-based									
Industries Co.,	ChipMOS	Industrial Park,	Testing and assembl								
Ltd.	Technologies Inc.	Hsin-Chu	of integrated circuits	-	2,332,768	-	-	-	-	246,410	(Notes 1 and 6)
Siliconware	reennoisgres mer		or mograted enealts		2,002,700					2.0,.10	(riotes r and o)
Precision											
Industries Co.,	SPIL (B.V.I.)	British Virgin									
Ltd.	Holding Limited	Islands	Investment activities	2,620,869	2,620,869	77,800	100.00%	2,412,357	103,411	103,411	(Notes 1 and 2)
			Communications and								
			relationship								
			maintenance with								
			companies								
SPIL (B.V.I.)			headquartered in North								
Holding Limited	Siliconware USA, Inc.	San Jose, CA, USA	America	40,781	40,781	1,250	100.00%	114,481	25,360	25,360	(Note 3)
SPIL (B.V.I.)	SPIL (Cayman)	Cayman Islands,									
Holding Limited	Holding Limited	British West India	Investment activities	2,123,888	1,634,513	65,100	100.00%	1,819,920	42,783	42,783	(Note 3)
			Manufacturing and								
			processing of module								
	Siliconware		assembly, flash								
SPIL (Cayman)	Technology	Suzhou Jiangsu,	memory card and								
Holding Limited	(Suzhou) Limited	China	related products	2,120,625	1,631,250	(Note 5)	100.00%	1,819,562	43,211	43,211	(Note 4)

Note 1: The Company's investee accounted for under the equity method.

Note 2: The Company's 100% owned subsidiary.

Note 3: An investee accounted for under the equity method of SPIL (B.V.I.) Holding Limited, a 100% owned subsidiary of the Company.

Note 4: An investee accounted for under the equity method of SPIL (Cayman) Holding Limited, a 100% owned subsidiary of SPIL (B.V.I) Holding Limited.

Note 5: The contributed capital was US\$65,000 thousand.

Note 6: The Company has disposed its ownership in 2007.

Note 7: The Company has eliminated the investment income recognized by its subsidiary to which cash dividend was distributed.

(2) The ending balance of securities held by investee companies:

As of September 30, 2007:

Investor	Type of securities	Name of securities	The relationship of the issuers with the Company	General ledger accounts	Number of shares (in thousands)	Book value (Note 2)	Percentage of ownership	Market value per share (in dollars)
Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	Stock	Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	The Company	Available-for-sale financial assets (non- current)	35,870	\$2,600,577	1.18%	\$72.50
Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	Stock	Hsieh Yong Capital Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets carried at cost	50,000	500,000	7.58%	-
Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	Stock	Phoenix Precision Technology Corporation	The Company holds directorship	Available-for-sale financial assets (non- current)	5,620	214,696	0.83%	38.20
Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	_	Mega Mission Limited Partnership	_	Financial assets carried at cost	(Note 4)	195,523	4.00%	-
Siliconware Investment Company Ltd.	_	Others (Note 1)	_	Financial assets carried at cost	-	118,116	-	-
SPIL (B.V.I.) Holding Limited	Stock	Siliconware USA, Inc.	Indirect subsidiary of the Company	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	1,250	114,481	100.00%	91.58 (Note 2)
SPIL (B.V.I.) Holding Limited	Stock	SPIL (Cayman) Holding Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the Company	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	65,100	1,819,920	100.00%	27.96 (Note 2)
SPIL (Cayman) Holding Limited	Stock	Siliconware Technology (Suzhou) Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the Company	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	(Note 3)	1,819,562	100.00%	-

(1) Combined amount for individual security less than \$100,000.

(2) The market value is not available. Therefore, the net equity per share as of September 30, 2007 was used.

(3) The contributed capital was US\$65,000 thousand dollars.

(4) The contributed capital was US\$6,000 thousand dollars.

(3) Securities for which total buying or selling amount exceed the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock:

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007:

			Name	The relationship	Beginning	balance	Addition		I	Disposal			Ending ba	lance
Investor	Name of the security	General ledger accounts	of the counter party	of the issuers with the Company	Number of shares/unit (in thousands)	Amount (Note 5)	Number of shares/unit (in thousands)		Number of shares/unit (in thousands)	Sale price		Gain (loss) from disposal	Number of shares/unit (in thousands)	Amount (Note 5)
Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd.	ITE Tech. Inc.	Available for sale financial asset	-	-	1,204	\$ 44,582	-	\$ -	1,204	\$ 106,712	\$ 9,295	\$97,417	-	\$-
SPIL (B.V.I.) Holding Limited	SPIL (Cayman) Holding Limited	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	Cash capitalization	-	50,100	1,229,451	15,000	489,375	-	-	-	-	65,100	1,819,920
SPIL (Cayman) Holding Limited	Siliconware Technology (Suzhou) Limited	Long-term investments accounted for under the equity method	Cash capitalization	-	(Note1)	1,228,638	(Note 2)	489,375	-	-	-	-	(Note 3)	1,819,562 (Note 4)

(1) The contributed capital was US\$50,000 thousand dollars.

(2) The contributed capital was US\$15,000 thousand dollars.

(3) The contributed capital was US\$65,000 thousand dollars.

(4) Ending balance amount included the investment income or loss recognized in current earnings.

(5) The foreign currency exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date were used for the currency translation.

(4) Acquisition of real estate with an amount exceeding the lower of NT\$100,000 or 20 percent of the capital stock:

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007:

					Related party as counter party								
							Original	The			The bases or		
							owner which	relationship of			reference		
	Name of					Relation-ship	sold the	the original	Date of the		used in	Purpose and	
	the	Date of	Transaction	Status of		with the	property to the	owner with the	original		deciding the	status of the	Other
Investor	properties	transaction	amount	payment	Counter party	Company	counter party	Company	transaction	Amount	price	acquisition	commitment
Siliconware Technology (Suzhou) Limited	Building	July 2006	\$135,363 (RMB 32,500)	\$129,026 (RMB 30,034)	Nantong Yingxiong Construction Corporation Ltd.	-	-	-	-	\$ -	As specified in contract	For operating use	Payment made according to construction progress
Note: Amounts in	RMR are	presented i	n thousands										

Note: Amounts in RMB are presented in thousands.

C. Information of investment in Mainland China:

(1) Information of investment in Mainland China: (The amount in USD is presented in thousands.)

Name of investe in Mainland Chi		in activities f investee	Capital	Investment method	Accumu remittanc Decembe 2000	e as of er 31,	Remitted or (collected) this period	Accumulated remittance as of September 30, 2007	Ownership held by the Company (Direct and indirect)
Siliconware Technology (Suzhou) Limited	module asse	ng and processing of mbly, flash memory ated products		(Note 1)	(USD	631,250 50,000) (Note 2)	\$ 489,375 (USD 15,000) (Note 2)	\$ 2,120,625 (USD 65,000) (Note 2)	100%
Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company during the period	Ending balance of investment	The investment income (loss) remitted back as of September 30, 2007	Accumulated remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	balan approve Investn Commiss Ministry of E Affai	d by nent sions, Economic	in Mai acc In Cor	vestment inland China cording to vestment nmissions, y of Economic		
\$43,211 (Note 2)	\$1,819,562 (Note 2)	-	\$ 2,120,625 (USD 65,000)	-	2,610,000 D 80,000)		\$14,865,091		

Note 1: The Company set up a subsidiary in Cayman Island to invest in Mainland China.

Note 2: Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date.

(2) Material transactions occurred directly between the Company and its Mainland China investee companies and material transactions occurred indirectly between the Company and its Mainland China investee companies via enterprises in other areas: None.